SAMPLE QUESTIONS OF PCATP EXAMINATION FOR NON-ACCREDITED BATCHES OF BS. CRP

Important Notes

- 1. Below mentioned questions provide the possible reference to the type of questions that may be included in the PCATP Examination for Town Planners.
- 2. The total number of questions in the actual paper shall be different from these sample questions.
- 3. Purpose and intent of these sample questions is to familiarize the candidates about the possible patterns, phrasing and ranges the actual paper may include.
- 4. All candidates are advised in their own interest to focus and prepare for the examination according to prescribed B.S CRP Curriculum by Higher Education Commission (latest version).
- 1. Closer contours lines in the topographic maps shows;
 - a) Low slope
 - b) Steep Slope
 - c) Moderate Slope
 - d) None
- 2. Urban design is the amalgamation of urban planning with;
 - a) Engineering
 - b) Human Rights
 - c) Sociology
 - d) Architecture
- 3. "The image of the city" is written by;
 - a) Jane Jacobs
 - b) Kevin A. Lynch
 - c) Le-Corbusier
 - d) Patrick Geddes
- 4. "A heavily populated urban area characterized by sub-standard housing and squalor" is known as;
 - a) Squatters
 - b) Settlements
 - c) Slums
 - d) All above options
- 5. Maximum number of conflicts points is counted in;
 - a) Split Intersection
 - b) Circular road
 - c) T-Intersection
 - d) Conventional 4-leg Intersection
- 6. GIS captures and analyses _____ data.
 - a) Spatial
 - b) Geographic
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) None of the above
 - e) Howard Gardner
- 7. In most of the digitizing work in GIS, the specification of data is of;
 - a) Raster
 - b) Vector
 - c) None
 - d) Both a and b

- 8. Which of the following is not the one of the features of "Sustainability";
 - a) Environment
 - b) Economy
 - c) Social Awareness
 - d) Mobility
- 9. A computerized system that allows users to enter different types of information about an area is known as:
 - a) GPS
 - b) GIS
 - c) Navigator
 - d) Map
- 10. What is gentrification?
 - a) the movement of the middle classes into suburban areas
 - b) a policy aimed at renovating inner-city council housing stock
 - c) building shopping centers in cities to create employment
 - d) renovation of run-down city neighborhoods to attract high income groups
- 11. _____ means the width of road or street between two opposite properties;
 - a) Set Back
 - b) Covered Area
 - c) Median of Road
 - d) Right of Way
- 12. For urban planners in Pakistan, from followings which is the oldest standards manual that is used;
 - a) TSS
 - b) NRM
 - c) SPS
 - d) Both a & c
- 13. To identified the problems sector/grids in the any residential-cum-commercial area, which approach should be used;
 - a) Housing Stress Analysis
 - b) Cost Benefit Analysis
 - c) SWOT Analysis
 - d) None of them
- 14. Which of these is an example of Action Area Plan.
 - a) Solid Waste Management Framework
 - b) Environmental Policy Design
 - c) Muzaffarabad Rehabilitation Plan
 - d) Commerce Expeditation Plan
- 15. The construction of a building on a vacant parcel located in a predominately built-up area is called:
 - a) Urban Regeneration
 - b) Advocacy Planning
 - c) Conservation
 - d) Infill Development
- 16. The group of elements for which the survey investigations want to make inferences using the sample statistics is known as;
 - a) Sampling Frames
 - b) Target Population
 - c) Coverage Area
 - d) None of these

 17. Meeting the needs of present generation without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs is called? a) Adaptability b) Sustainability c) New Urbanism d) None of these
 18. Traffic Count Survey is conducted to: a) Find the frequency of different transport modes b) Find the speed of different transport modes c) Both a and b d) None of these
19. The Figure 1 shows; a) Multiple Nuclei Theory b) Sector Theory c) Concentric Theory d) Green Theory
 20. Islamabad was planned by: a) CA Doxiadis b) Kevin A. Lynch c) Le-Corbusier d) Patrick Geddes
 21. Islamabad was planned on: a) Grid Iron Pattern b) Radial Pattern c) Cul-de-sac pattern d) None
 22 includes a dispensary, post office, police station, local government office, educational institution, hospital, clinic, mosque and fire station;; a) Recreational Areas b) Institutional Areas c) Public Buildings d) Commercial Areas
 23. An event, either human induced or natural, sudden or progressive, causing widespread human, material or environmental losses is called: a) Hazard b) Earthquake c) Disaster d) None
 24. A can be defined as a residential area which has developed without legal claims to the land;; a) Squatter settlements b) Inferior Settlements c) Dilapidated housing d) None
 25 is a technique to develop virgin land, or redevelop less intensely used parcels by fractionating into smaller units, for residential or other purposes; a) Land Subdivision b) Land Platting c) Land Redevelopment d) None

- 26. The heighted or mounted place in ancient civilization, usually known as;
 - a) Mound
 - b) Citadel
 - c) Mountain of Saints
 - d) Castle
- 27. The term is used for "under provision of housing" is known as;
 - a) Housing deficits
 - b) Housing Shortage
 - c) Housing Backlog
 - d) Housing Scarcity
- 28. What is the step after the approval letter of preliminary planning permission of any housing layout plan;
 - a) Sanction of Scheme
 - b) Environmental approvals
 - c) Technical Scrutiny
 - d) Land Sub-Division
- 29. More distance is needed to safely stop in rain or poor visibility.' We can infer from this that:
 - a) People drive faster in rain and poor visibility
 - b) The writer is merely calculating on the safe side.
 - c) Braking is more hazardous in rain and poor visibility.
 - d) The road rules state that this must be so.
- 30. An imaginary line joining the points of equal elevation on the surface of the earth, represents
 - a) Contour Gradient
 - b) Contour Surface
 - c) Contour Line
 - d) Level Line